

## Foot

## Royal Regiment of Foot

CAPTAINS, &c.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
James Lindsay	Thomas Kerr 𐄂	Antony Osborne
Archibald Hamilton	Richard Marshall	George McConway
Robert Hamilton	John Cooper	Alexander Hamilton
Harry Hay	William Murray 𐄂	William Dudgeon
		Alexander Gordon 𐄂
		Thomas Bruce 𐄂

This regiment was raised in Scotland in 1633, as a mercenary regiment for French service. Apart for some short episodes, it was not placed permanently on the English Establishment until 1678. In 1684, the regiment was designated as His Majesty's Royal Regiment of Foot. The regiment was divided into two battalions in early 1686, and was the only two battalion regiment, other than guards, in the army for many years. Part of regiment, probably one battalion, remained loyal to James II and mutinied at Ipswich in January 1689. After surrender, the regiment was divided into two parts (battalions, but not necessarily reflecting the original division) with the [new] first battalion shipped to Flanders and the second battalion sent to Scotland to recruit. The second battalion joined the first by late 1689, and the regiment served in the Low Countries for the duration of the war. The regiment was placed on the Irish Establishment from 26 March 1699 onward.

## Succession of colonels:

· Sir John Hepburn	26 Jan 1633
· George Hepburn	1636
· Lord James Douglas	Dec 1637
· Archibald (Douglas), Earl of Angus and 1st Earl of Ormond	1645
· Lord George (Douglas), 1st Earl of Dumbarton <sup>1</sup>	21 Oct 1655
· Friedrich Hermann (von Schomberg), 1st Duke of Schomberg	31 Dec 1688
· Sir Robert Douglas of Glenbervie, 3rd Bt.	5 Mar 1691
· George (Hamilton), 1st Earl of Orkney (until 27 Jun 1737)	1 Aug 1692



<sup>1</sup>Being a Roman Catholic, the Earl of Dumbarton was officially removed from his colonelcy when the regiment came on the English Establishment in 1678. However, the vacancy was not filled and he was restored to his command by James II on 28 November 1685. James Douglas and Archibald Douglas were half-brothers to George Douglas, their father being William (Douglas), 1st Marquess of Douglas.

### Brigadier Thomas Fairfax's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
Daniell Sherrard Joseph Fletcher 𐄂	Ralph Bethell Gilbert Abbott <sup>2</sup> 𐄂	Martin Bladen Francis Pyle 𐄂

The regiment was formed at 's Hertogenbosch in Brabant in August 1674 for Dutch service, from English companies already in Dutch service. It was known at first as The Irish Regiment, but this designation was dropped already in 1675. The regiment came on the English Establishment following the Glorious Revolution in 1688. The regiment was employed for sea service during 1693, and served in the Low Countries from 1694 on. It was placed on the Irish Establishment on 14 August 1698.

Succession of colonels:

· Daniel (O'Brien), 3rd Viscount Clare	6 Aug 1674
· Sir John Fenwick	2 Aug 1675
· Henry Wisely	11 Sep 1676
· Thomas Monk	10 Dec 1680
· Thomas Tollemache	9 Oct 1688
· Edward Lloyd	1 May 1689
· Thomas Fairfax (until 5 Feb 1704)	6 Nov 1694



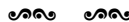
### Colonel Ventris Columbine's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
Slingsby Bethell Robert Sewell 𐄂	Thomas Dodkin 𐄂 <i>Joseph Dussaux</i> <i>r. Jacob Drobus</i>	William Roberts <i>Theodore Els[by]</i> <i>r. John La Croix</i> William Connock 𐄂

Columbine's regiment was raised in December 1673 as a volunteer regiment to serve with the Dutch army. In late 1674, the regiment was reorganised with other English companies in Dutch service as the 1st English Regiment. The regiment served in the Anglo-Dutch Brigade and came on the English Establishment following the Glorious Revolution. The regiment served first in Ireland until 1691, and in Flanders afterwards. Columbine's regiment was placed on the Irish Establishment on 26 July 1698.

Succession of colonels:

· Sir Walter Vane	12 Dec 1673
· Henry Lillingston	16 Aug 1674
· Thomas Ashley	13 Sep 1675
· Sir Henry Belasyse	4 Apr 1678
· Philip Babington	7 Apr 1688
· George, Prince of Hessen-Darmstadt	15 Apr 1691
· Henry (de Caumont), Marquess de Rada	1 Feb 1694
· Ventris Columbine (until 2 Nov 1703)	23 Jun 1695



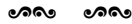
<sup>2</sup>Gilbert Abbott is one of the officers who had the dubious honour to be reduced three times between 1698 and 1700. He was first reduced as lieutenant from Gibson's Regiment (p. 22) on 27 February 1698, but obtained a lieutenancy in Fairfax's in Ireland on 14 May following. Being one of the junior subalterns, he was reduced on 1 May 1699. He advanced to a full-pay commission as lieutenant on 4 March 1700, only to be reduced again in June 1700. He found a more stable position in Lord Mountjoy's newly raised regiment in June 1701. In 1710 he had advanced as major of a regiment raised in New England, and took possession of the fort at Port Royal (later Annapolis) on the town's surrender on 1 October 1710.

TABLE 10.1: Regiments of the planned descent on St. Malo in 1692.

William Selwyn's Regiment of Foot	John Beaumont's Regiment of Foot
Richard Brewer's Regiment of Foot	Ferdinando Hasting's Regiment of Foot
William Beveridge's Regiment of Foot	John Hales' Regiment of Foot
Sir David Colyear's Regiment of Foot	Earl of Meath's Regiment of Foot
Edward Lloyd's Regiment of Foot	Jonathan Foulkes' Regiment of Foot
Sir John Morgan's Regiment of Foot	Samuel Venner's Regiment of Foot
La Melonière's Regiment of Foot <sup>a</sup>	Belcastel's Regiment of Foot <sup>a</sup>
Zachariah Tiffin's Regiment of Foot	Earl of Argyll's Regiment of Foot
Marquess of Carmarthen's Regiment of Marines	Henry Killigrew's Regiment of Marines
two regiments of dragoons <sup>b</sup>	one regiment of horse

*Note:* Following the naval victory over the French at the battle of Barfleur / La Hogue in May 1692, plans were made to make a descent on the French coast near St. Malo. A large force was assembled near Portsmouth, amounting to 14,000 men, a train of artillery of sixty pieces and provisions for six months. The expedition set sail in late July 1692. The expedition was, however, abandoned within a few days already, and the fleet returned to England. The expedition was a combined English and Dutch operation, and the Dutch contribution to the landing forces may have been eleven regiments of foot. Details derived from Luttrell (1857, Vol. II, p. 516). Most of the troops were later landed in Flanders, and formed part of an expedition intended to capture Dunkirk.

<sup>a</sup> Regiments formed from Huguenot refugees. A third Huguenot regiment, under du Cambon, may have been part of the expedition as well. <sup>b</sup> Probably 200 men from the Royal Regiment and Richard Leveson's Regiment were to serve with the expedition.



### Colonel John Richmond Webb's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
William Congrave	James Orfeur	Henry Whitney
Francis Napper	David Dignes des Rompières	Roger Cater ㉑
Peter Hamers ㉑	de La Touche <sup>3</sup>	
	Peter de Cosne ㉑	

Webb's regiment was raised as Princess Anne of Denmark's Regiment of Foot in June 1685, as one of the many regiments raised in response to Monmouth's Rebellion. The regiment served in Ireland between 1689 and 1691, and in the Low Countries from 1696. It was placed on the Irish Establishment from 20 March 1698 on.

#### Succession of colonels:

· Robert (Shirley), 1st Earl Ferrers	19 Jun 1685
· James (FitzJames), Duke of Berwick	1 Nov 1686
· John Beaumont	31 Dec 1688
· John Richmond Webb (until 5 Aug 1715)	26 Dec 1695



<sup>3</sup> Founder of the La Touche Bank in Dublin in 1713. His grandson, David La Touche, became the first governor of the newly founded Bank of Ireland in 1783.

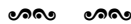
### Major General William Steuart's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
John Upton	William Taylor $\bar{\alpha}$	Henry Embree
John Campbell	Thomas Hill	Patrick Lyons
Richard Dancy $\alpha$	Charles Percivall $\alpha$	

Steuart's regiment was also raised in response to Monmouth's Rebellion in June 1685. The regiment was one of the two regiments sent to Londonderry in April 1689. It served in Ireland until 1691, and from 1694 in England. The regiment served aboard the fleet during 1695. The regiment was placed on the establishment of Ireland from 25 February 1698 onward.

Succession of colonels:

· Henry Cornewall	19 Jun 1685
· Oliver Nicholas	20 Nov 1688
· John Cunningham	31 Dec 1688
· William Steuart (until 27 Jul 1715)	1 May 1689



### Sir Beville Granville's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
Charles Astley	Samuëll Buller	<i>John Hellows <math>\bar{\alpha}</math></i>
Richard Lucas	Gideon Ribiere	<i>r. William Daniel</i>
Warner Daws $\alpha$		Henry Jenkin Lewis

Manus O'Cane *Quarter-Master*

The regiment was raised in June 1685 during the insurrection of the Duke of Monmouth. The regiment remained in garrison in Plymouth until 1691. Then it was dispatched to Flanders where the regiment served through all major campaigns. It was transferred to the Irish Establishment on 14 August 1698.

Succession of colonels:

· John (Granville), 1st Earl of Bath	20 Jun 1685
· Sir Charles Carney	8 Dec 1688
· John (Granville), 1st Earl of Bath [reappointed]	31 Dec 1688
· Sir Beville Granville (until 15 Jan 1703)	29 Oct 1693



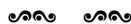
### Sir John Hanmer's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
Rudolph Corneille	William Sneed	John Price
Roger Foulks	George Mauser	<i>Anthony Maud <math>\bar{\alpha}</math></i>
	Henry Fielding $\alpha$	<i>r. John [Joseph] Bagnall <math>\alpha</math></i>

This regiment was also raised in June 1685 during Monmouth's Rebellion. Hanmer's regiment served in Ireland from 1689, and remained there in garrison after the Treaty of Limerick.

Succession of colonels:

· Henry (Somerset), 1st Duke of Beaufort (3rd Marquess of Worcester)	20 Jun 1685
· Charles (Somerset), Marquess of Worcester	26 Oct 1685
· William (Herbert), 2nd Marquess of Powis (Viscount Montgomery)	8 May 1687
· Sir John Hanmer (until 12 Feb 1702)	31 Dec 1688



### Colonel Richard Brewer's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
Thomas Smith	Richard Brewer	<i>Wharton Fetherstonhalgh</i> 𐄂
Samuell Lovells	Davis Obry	r. Charles de Daillon
Robert Munday 𐄂	John Jeffs 𐄂	Matthew Draper

Brewer's regiment was another of the regiments raised in response to Monmouth's Rebellion in June 1685. It served in Ireland between 1689 and 1691, and was sent to Flanders in 1694. The regiment surrendered on 18 July 1695 to the French at Diksmuide, and was exchanged later that year (see also table 7.1). On 12 January 1698, the regiment was placed on the establishment of Ireland.

Succession of colonels:

· Henry (Howard), 7th Duke of Norfolk	20 Jun 1685
· Sir Edward Henry (Lee), 1st Earl of Lichfield	14 Jun 1686
· Sir Robert (Carey), 6th Lord Hunsdon	30 Nov 1688
· Hon. Henry Wharton	31 Dec 1688
· Richard Brewer (until 28 Sep 1702)	1 Nov 1689



### Sir John Jacob's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
William Hyde	Thomas England	Michael Owens
Jean Louis de La Farrel	Henry van Sisterfleet	Richard Barry
William Austin 𐄂	William Bury 𐄂	John Hall 𐄂

This regiment was raised in the southern counties of England in June 1685. The regiment saw service in Scotland and Ireland between 1689 and 1691, and was detailed for home defence for the remainder of the war. It was placed on the Irish Establishment on 1 April 1698.

Succession of colonels:

· Theophilus (Hastings), 7th Earl of Huntingdon	20 Jun 1685
· Ferdinando Hastings	Dec 1688
· Sir John Jacob, 3rd Bt. (until 15 Mar 1702)	13 Mar 1695



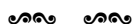
### Colonel John Tidcomb's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
Robert Sewell	John Taylor	Henry Barnes
Alexander Oldys	Thomas Bourke	Charles Ashfield
Francis Alexander 𐄂	William Cormack 𐄂	John Moody 𐄂

The regiment was raised at Canterbury in June 1685, as one of the many regiments raised under James II in response to Monmouth's insurrection. The regiment served in the Low Countries between 1693 and 1696, and was detailed for home defence afterwards. The regiment was put on the Irish Establishment from 27 March 1698 on.

Succession of colonels:

· Sir Edward Hales, 3rd Bt.	22 Jun 1685
· William Beveridge	31 Dec 1688
· John Tidcomb (until 15 Jun 1713)	14 Nov 1692



### Colonel Emmanuel Howe's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
John Meers	John Lloyd	Walter Sandilands
Thomas Garston	Jeffrey Stevens Daniel	Henry Harrison
Thomas Whitney 𐄂	Dickenson 𐄂	John Boyle 𐄂

Howe's regiment was one of the regiments raised by James II in June 1685 in response to Monmouth's Rebellion. The regiment served in Scotland until c.1693, and in the Low Countries from 1694 on. The regiment surrendered on 18 July 1695 to the French at Diksmuide, and was exchanged later that year (see also table 7.1). On 13 March 1698 the regiment was placed on the Irish Establishment.

Succession of colonels:

· Sir William Clifton, 3rd Bt.	22 Jun 1685
· Arthur (Herbert), 1st Earl of Torrington	12 May 1686
· Hon. Sackville Tufton	12 Apr 1687
· Sir James Leslie	31 Dec 1688
· Hon. Emmanuel Scrope Howe (until 23 Oct 1709)	1 Nov 1695



### Colonel the Hon. James Stanley's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
Michael Fleming 𐄂	John Howson	William Sabine 𐄂
Samuell Sleigh	William Carroll 𐄂	John Gordon

The regiment was raised by James II in October 1688, prior to the invasion of William of Orange. The regiment was retained by William III. It was shipped to the Low Countries in March 1689. The regiment was transferred to the Irish Establishment on 25 February 1698.

Succession of colonels:

· Archibald Douglas	9 Oct 1688
· Robert Hodges	31 Dec 1688
· James (Stanley), 10th Earl of Derby (until 25 Mar 1705)	1 Aug 1692



### Sir Matthew Bridges's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	ENSIGNS
Francis Read 𐄂	George René Granger	Edward Stedman
John Peter Desbordes	George Denny	Robert Bridges
	Henry Warner 𐄂	<i>John [Daniel], Langhorne 𐄂</i>
		<i>r. Brook Bridges</i>

This regiment was raised under the reign of James II in London in September 1688. It was retained under William III. The regiment was one of the two sent for a short time to northern Ireland in April 1689. It served in England until 1692, and in the Low Countries from early 1694. It was transferred to the Irish Establishment on 21 December 1697.

Succession of colonels:

· Solomon Richards	27 Sep 1688
· Sir George St. George	5 May 1689
· John Courthorpe	1 May 1695
· Sir Matthew Bridges (until 26 Aug 1703)	1 Sep 1695

