

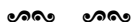
Dragoons

Royal Regiment

The Royal Regiment of Dragoons has its origin in a troop of horse raised in 1661 for service at Tangier. In 1684 there were four troops of horse in Tangier. Two troops of dragoons were raised in England in November 1683. In 1684 the four Tangier troops were repatriated and converted to dragoons subsequently. These six troops were united as The King's Own Royal Regiment of Dragoons (named for Charles II). The regiment was redesignated the Royal Regiment of Dragoons in 1690. The regiment was on the English Establishment in 1701. It served in the Low Countries until 1703, and in the Iberian Peninsula afterwards. The regiment was taken prisoner at the battle of Brihuega in December 1710. On 23 December 1711 it was transferred to the Irish Establishment, but was placed on the English Establishment on 24 August 1712. Two troops were added to the regiment in October 1712 from Echlin's Regiment (p. 8). This gave the regiment an establishment of eight troops.

Succession of colonels:

· John (Churchill), 1st Duke of Marlborough	19 Nov 1683
· Edward (Hyde), 3rd Earl of Clarendon (Viscount Cornbury) ¹	1 Aug 1685
· Richard Clifford	24 Nov 1688
· Edward (Hyde), 3rd Earl of Clarendon [reappointed]	31 Dec 1688
· Antony Heyford	1 Jul 1689
· Edward Matthews	21 Jun 1690
· Thomas (Wentworth), 1st Earl of Strafford (Lord Raby) (until 13 Jun 1715)	30 May 1697

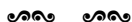


Earl of Stair's Regiment

Two independent companies of dragoons were raised in Scotland on 21 May 1678. Together with four additional companies these companies were regimented as the Royal Regiment of Scots Dragoons on 25 November 1681. The regiment was unofficially known also as the Grey Dragoons, or Scots Regiment of White Horses from 1702 onward. In 1715 the designation Royal Regiment of North British Dragoons was adopted. This may have been in use already after the Union in 1708. The regiment was on the Scots Establishment in 1701, and served in the Low Countries from 1702. The regiment numbered nine troops in 1714.

Succession of colonels:

· Thomas Dalzell	25 Nov 1681
· Charles (Murray), 1st Earl of Dunmore	6 Nov 1685
· Sir Thomas (Livingston), 1st Viscount Teviot	31 Dec 1688
· Lord John Hay	7 Apr 1704
· John (Dalrymple), 2nd Earl of Stair (Lord Dalrymple)	24 Aug 1706
· Sir David (Colyear), 1st Earl of Portmore (until 15 Feb 1717)	21 Apr 1714



¹Cornbury went over to the Prince of Orange with part of the regiment in November 1688.

Lieutenant General Carpenter's Regiment

The regiment was raised in August 1685 as The Queen [Consort's] Regiment of Dragoons from troops from two other regiments. This designation was probably dropped between 1689 and 1692-94. The regiment was on the English Establishment in 1701. During the war it served in England, though detachments from the regiment served on several expeditions. The regiment was re-named in 1714 after George I as The King's [Own] Regiment of Dragoons.

Succession of colonels:

· Charles (Seymour), 6th Duke of Somerset	2 Aug 1685
· Alexander Cannon	2 Aug 1687
· Richard Leveson ²	31 Dec 1688
· Thomas (Fairfax), 5th Lord Fairfax of Cameron	20 Jan 1694
· William Lloyd	21 Feb 1695
· George (Carpenter), 1st Lord Carpenter (until 29 May 1732)	31 Dec 1703



Lieutenant General Echlin's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	CORNETS	QUARTER-MASTERS
	<i>Lt.</i> Robert Maxwell James Wood	Arthur Echlin Arthur Dobbs	Oliver Jackson

The regiment was formed on 20 June 1689 from several troops of horse that were raised around Enniskillen in late 1688 and early 1689. The regiment was on the Irish Establishment in 1701, and was transferred to the English Establishment in 1708. Two troops of the regiment were reduced on 25 October 1712 and added to the Royal Regiment of Dragoons (p. 7).

Succession of colonels:

· Sir Albert Cunningham	20 Jun 1689
· Robert Echlin (until 4 Mar 1715)	30 Dec 1691



Earl of Hyndford's Regiment

Alexander Read *Adjutant*

The regiment was raised in Scotland on 12 May 1702 as replacement for a Scots regiment going to the Low Countries. The regiment numbered six troops and remained in Scotland during the war. In 1712 the adjutant was reduced to English half-pay. The regiment was placed on the Irish Establishment on 24 August 1712, to which establishment it was reduced in May 1713 (p. 90).

Succession of colonels:

· John (Carmichael), 1st Earl of Hyndford (2nd Lord Carmichael)	12 May 1702
· James (Carmichael), 2nd Earl of Hyndford	2 Mar 1706



²Leveson went over to the Prince of Orange with part of the regiment in November 1688.

Brigadier Lepell's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	CORNETS	QUARTER-MASTERS
Nicholas Lepell, <i>as Colonel and Captain</i>	<i>Capt. Lt.</i> Israel Prasley	Thomas Jolly	Francis Boucher
Eliseus Burgess, <i>as Lt. Col. and Capt.</i>	William Wills	William Brown	Charles Bentley
Owen Abbott, <i>as Major and Captain</i>	James Stephens	Richard Mayers	William Ross
<i>Capt.</i> James Desromanes	Francis Jobber	John Gore	Thomas Welsh
Edward Wills	Henry La Salle	George Bernard	Richard Parsons
Richard Levins	Samuel Meuth	Howel Bowen	William Hamilton
Henry Nassau ³	Josiah Paterson	Frederick Lepell	Richard Sotwell
	John Bensley	Peter Darquier	Francis Cayran
		John Trepsack	<i>Chaplain</i>
		Richard Stevens	<i>Adjutant</i>
		James Goodwyn	<i>Surgeon</i>

The regiment was raised on 26 June 1704 as part of the Irish Establishment. The regiment was dispatched to Catalonia in 1709 and was one of the few English regiments present at the battle of Villa Viciosa in December 1710. It was disbanded in Spain on 2 December 1712.

Succession of colonels:

- | | |
|---|-------------|
| • Thomas Erle | 26 Jun 1704 |
| • John (Cutts), 1st Baron Cutts of Gowran (Lord Cutts) | 1704 |
| • William (van Nassau-Zuylestein), 2nd Earl of Rochford (Viscount Tunbridge) ⁴ | 1 Feb 1707 |
| • Nicholas Lepell | 27 Jul 1710 |

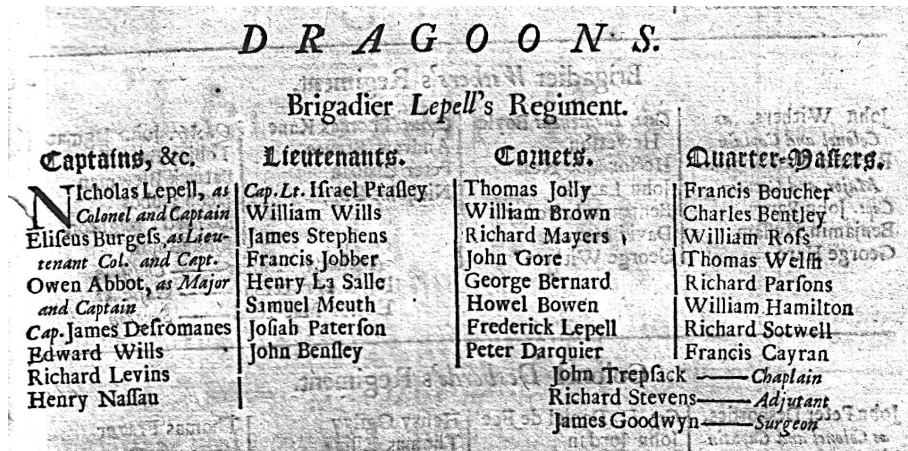


FIGURE 2.1: Reduced officers of Nicholas Lepell's Regiment of Dragoons.



³Hendrik van Nassau-Zuylestein, younger brother of Viscount Tunbridge.

⁴In English usually called Nassau de Zuylestein. Variant Zuylestein is also found.

Lieutenant General Stanhope's Regiment

CAPTAINS, &C.	LIEUTENANTS	CORNETS	QUARTER-MASTERS
James Stanhope, <i>as Colonel and Captain</i>	<i>Capt. Lt.</i> Thomas Echlin	Piers Johnson Thomas Mac Manns	Daniel Garret Thomas Shipley
Peter Hawker, <i>as Lt. Col. and Capt.</i>	<i>Lt.</i> Richard Gregson William Hierson	Thomas de la Haye Deering Hawker	John Mitchell Willaim Forrest
George Keightley, <i>as Major and Captain</i>	Andrew Carr Peter Bradshaigh	Paul Steph. Husson Henry Durell	James Irwyn Nathan Chadsey
<i>Capt.</i> James Deleuze	Ralph Mayers Marcellus Larroon	Richard Ottway	Thomas Jones James Anderson
George Haynes	Francis Norry		
George Moore			
Samuel Gledhill			
David Martell			

Peter Genest

Surgeon

The regiment was raised by the Earl of Peterborough in Spain on 12 July 1706. Part of the regiment was taken prisoner at the battle of Almansa in April 1707, and the whole regiment was taken prisoner after the battle of Brihuega in December 1710. The regiment was reduced in Spain on 5 August 1712.

Succession of colonels:

- | | |
|---|-------------|
| · Charles (Mordaunt), 3rd Earl of Peterborough | 12 Jul 1706 |
| · Frans (van Nassau-Ouwerkerk), graaf van Nassau ⁵ | 7 Jul 1707 |
| · James (Stanhope), 1st Earl Stanhope (1st Viscount Stanhope) | 27 Jul 1710 |



⁵In English called Overkirk, but the French variant de Nassau d'Auverquerque seems to be more common.